**Sightseeing in Uppsala**

1. **Uppsala Cathedral**
   Scandinavia’s largest and tallest church. Equally long and tall, 118.7 metres. Built 1270 – 1435. Burial place for some of the most internationally known Swedes. Among these the relic casket of Saint Erik and the botanist Linnaeus. The Treasury Museum with one of the world’s foremost collections of textiles, is located in one of the towers.

2. **Uppsala University**
   Uppsala University, Scandinavia’s first university was founded in 1477. Today there are 40,000 students in Uppsala. The main building, dates from 1887. The magnificent auditorium in the main building is today used as a congress and concert hall. Uppsala University Coin Cabinet is in the building.

3. **Museum Gustavianum**
   Uppsala University’s oldest building and home to the Anatomical Theatre where dissections took place over 300 years ago. The history of the university is told through some of its famous scientists, such as Linnaeus and Celsius. Learn more on Vikings and their ancestors through the archaeological exhibition shown here. The museum also displays antique treasures and the unique Augsburg art cabinet.

4. **Museum of Upland**
   Learn more about the county of Upland. Among many other exhibits tales about the Vikings and their ancestors are told here.

5. **Carolina Rediviva**
   Uppsala University library, the oldest university library in Sweden. Founded 1620. The library today contains 5 million books. The exhibition room shows the Silver Bible from the 6th century and notes written by Mozart among many other items.

6. **Uppsala Castle**
   Construction of the castle was begun in the 1540s. The castle has a dramatic story, with many crucial events in Swedish history. Uppsala Castle is residence of the County Governor since the 16th century. The southern wing is home of the Museum of Peace focusing on Sweden’s 190 years of peace and the work of former Secretary-General of the UN, Dag Hammarskjöld. Uppsala Art Museum exhibits art on three floors of the castle. Castle tours are offered during summer.

7. **Botanical Garden**
   Founded 1655, Uppsala University’s botanical garden is Sweden’s oldest, and contains more than 9,000 plant species from all over the world. Orangery and tropical greenhouse.

8. **Bror Hjorth’s House**
   The artist Bror Hjorth (1894 – 1968) is one of Sweden’s best-known sculptors and painters. The large fountain “Näckens Polska” in the area by the Central Station is one of Bror Hjorth’s achievements. His home and studio is today an art museum with a large collection of his own works as well as guest exhibitions.

9. **The Linnaeus museum and The Linnaeus Garden**
   Linnaeus (Carl von Linné 1707 – 1778) professorial home is now a museum displaying the world-famous botanist’s scientific achievements. The 18th century house is furnished with original objects, clothes, textiles and china. The Linnaeus Garden is laid out in about 1655. 1,300 species are cultivated. The planted areas are arranged in accordance with Linnaeus’s sexual system.

10. **Uppsala Concert & Congress**
    Uppsala’s new concert and congress hall was inaugurated in September 2007. Designed by the architectural practice Henning Larsen Tegnestue. The hall contains both concert and conference rooms, café and restaurant and on the sixth floor there is a great view over the city. A cultural venue, with a wide range of different musical genres performed by local, national and international artists.

11. **Blotopia**
    Experience the nature of the county of Upland. Surf the virtual world of nature. Follow the development of the county through the millennia. Information about off-the-track places to visit and the Linnaeus Trails.

12. **Fyrishov**
    Aquatic adventure centre in a tropical environment. Olympic sized swimming pool with diving stage and climbing wall in the water. Summer pools. Sweden’s fourth biggest tourist attraction. Cottages and camping.

13. **Old Uppsala**
    Old Uppsala is one of Scandinavia’s most noteworthy ancient monument areas. It has three majestic 6th century royal burial mounds. In the museum you follow on a fascinating trip from 6th century local heathen kingdoms to the religious upheaval of the Viking era and the building of the cathedral beginning in the year 1100. Disagården is a museum for Upland’s agricultural heritage, also located in Gamla Uppsala.